

# AP WORLD HISTORY

S.P.R.I.T.E. ACTIVITY GUIDE

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Social:** Relating to people and their society.

This includes movements that relate to gender, race, religion, age, and nationality. Women's suffrage (right to vote) is a social characteristic of American history.

**Political:** Relating to politics.

Government, taxation, military, and rulers are political aspects of history. This includes who is in charge, how they came to rule, and what impact they had on their people. The Magna Carta is a political event in history.

**Religious:** Relating to religion and its influence over a culture.

This includes the overall attitude of a people toward a religious institution. During the medieval times, Europeans' lives revolved around God and the Catholic Church. In Africa, Islam was all-encompassing and even influenced governments.

**Intellectual:** Relating to a society's mindset and philosophy.

This includes which topics a society is interested in at a given time. For example, during the Cold War, Americans began to focus on science in their race against the USSR.

**Technological:** Relating to technology and its advancements in history.

In early time periods, humans began to develop agriculture and domesticate animals. This was technological advancement in history. Weaponry in war is another example.

**Economic:** Relating to how an economy is run and what resources it depends on.

For example, the barter system was used by many early peoples. They traded for goods that they could not easily produce. In Africa, trade and taxation was the main economy. In America, our economy is capitalist in nature.

# AP WORLD HISTORY

S.P.R.I.T.E. CHART

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Culture/Civilization:**

**Time Period:**

<p>SOCIAL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Family</li><li>• Gender relations</li><li>• Social classes</li><li>• Inequalities</li><li>• Life styles</li></ul>	
<p>POLITICAL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Leaders, elites</li><li>• State structures</li><li>• War</li><li>• Diplomacy, treaties</li><li>• Courts, legal system</li></ul>	
<p>RELIGION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Holy books</li><li>• Beliefs, teachings</li><li>• Conversion</li><li>• Sin/salvation</li><li>• deities</li></ul>	

INTELLECTUAL

- arts, music
- writing, literature
- philosophy
- math & science
- education

TECHNOLOGY

- new inventions
- new tools, weapons
- ways to improve life
- technology
- infrastructure

ECONOMIC

- types of system
- technology, industry
- trade/ commerce
- capital, money
- types of businesses